

MATH 0482

Chapter 5.3 Adding and Subtracting Radical Expressions

$$5\sqrt[3]{2}$$

RADICAND: 2
INDEX: 3
MULTIPLIER: 5

SIMPLIFY.

$$2\sqrt{6} + 5\sqrt{6}$$

$$7\sqrt[3]{5} + 3\sqrt[3]{5}$$

$$4\sqrt{10} - 5\sqrt{10}$$

$$10\sqrt{5} + 6\sqrt{2} - 9\sqrt{5} - 7\sqrt{2}$$

$$5\sqrt[3]{10} + 3\sqrt{10} - \sqrt[3]{10} - 2\sqrt{10}$$

$$\sqrt{32} - \sqrt{18} + \sqrt{50}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{108} + \sqrt[3]{24} - \sqrt[3]{32} - \sqrt[3]{81}$$

$$-9\sqrt[3]{5x} - \sqrt[3]{2x} + 10\sqrt[3]{5x}$$

$$(5\sqrt{x} - 4\sqrt{y}) - (4\sqrt{x} - 7\sqrt{y})$$

$$5\sqrt[3]{3x^4} + \sqrt[3]{24x^3} - (x\sqrt[3]{24x} + 4\sqrt[3]{3x^3})$$

$$2a\sqrt{125a^2b} - a^2\sqrt{80b} + 4\sqrt{20a^4b}$$

CALCULATE THE PERIMETER OF THE TRIANGLE
FORMED BY THE POINTS $(-2, -1)$, $(-3, 6)$, AND $(2, 1)$.

